



## Workshops introduction

Gašper Zupančič DRSV Oliver Rathschüler Freiland (A14)





## Agenda for today

UVOD					
09:00 - 09:15	Uvod GAŠPER ZUPANČIČ Direkcija Republike Slovenij OLIVER RATHSCHÜLI Freiland Ziviltechniker Gmb	ER			
DELAVNICE					
09:15 - 12:00	DS 1	DS 2	DS 3	DS 4	
ODMOR ZA KOSILO					
12:00 - 13:45	Odmor za kosilo				
PLENARNO					
13:45 - 15:00	Plenarno (Predstavitev poročil delovnih skupin, zaključna razprava, zaključki)				
15:00 – 15:15	Zaključni nagovor SUZANA STRAŽAR Direktorica urada za upravljanje z vodami, Direkcija Republike Slovenije za vode RUDOLF HORNICH Koordinator obvladovanja poplavne ogroženosti, Urad štajerske deželne vlade				

INTRO				
09:00 - 09:15	Intro GAŠPER ZUPANČ Wasserdirektion Repul OLIVER RATHSCH Freiland Ziviltechniker	blik Slowenien HÜLER		
WORKSHOPS				
09:15 - 12:00	AG 1	AG 2	AG 3	AG 4
MITTAGSPAUSE				
12:00 - 13:45	Mittagspause			
PLENUM				
13:45 - 15:00	Plenum (Präsentation der Gruppenberichte, Diskussion und finale Schlussfolgerungen)			
15:00 – 15:15	Schlussreden SUZANA STRAŽAR Direktorin der Wasserdirektion Republik Slowenien RUDOLF HORNICH Koordinator für Hochwasserrisikomanagement, Land Steiermark			





# Workshop – plan "border Mura 2030" – goMURra

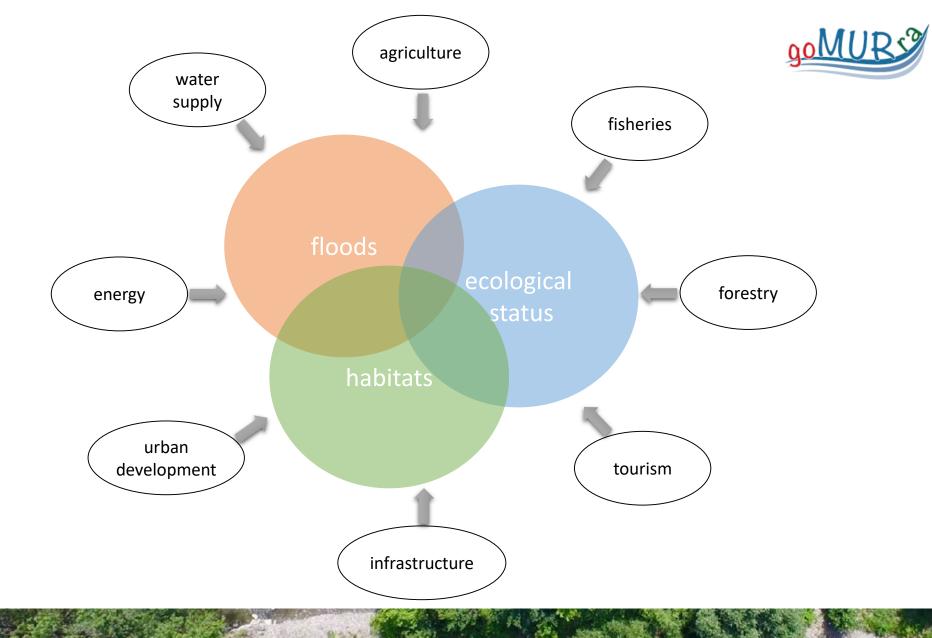
- Plan "border Mura 2030" is a cruicial strategic output of the goMURra project
- Today's workshops are a cruicial starting point of the preparation of the "border Mura 2030" plan
  - Recieve expert and stakeholder insight
  - Form conclusions for development of the plan





## **Plan framework**

- As defined in the goMURra project application:
  - will enable reaching water management goals by 2030
  - will reduce flood risk (FD), improve status of surface and ground water bodies (WFD), improve habitats (HD) and improve living conditions
  - Core problem: unstable river bed









## Day one conclusions

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## **PWMC**

- Three fields of work and numerous thematic areas (t.a.):
- Water management:
  - t.a. 1.1 floods
  - t.a. 1.2 changes in riverbed
  - t.a. 1.3 sediment transport basis
  - t.a. 1.4 river morphology
  - t.a. 1.5 water engineering structures
  - t.a. 1.6 sediment transport model
  - t.a. 1.7 low water analysis

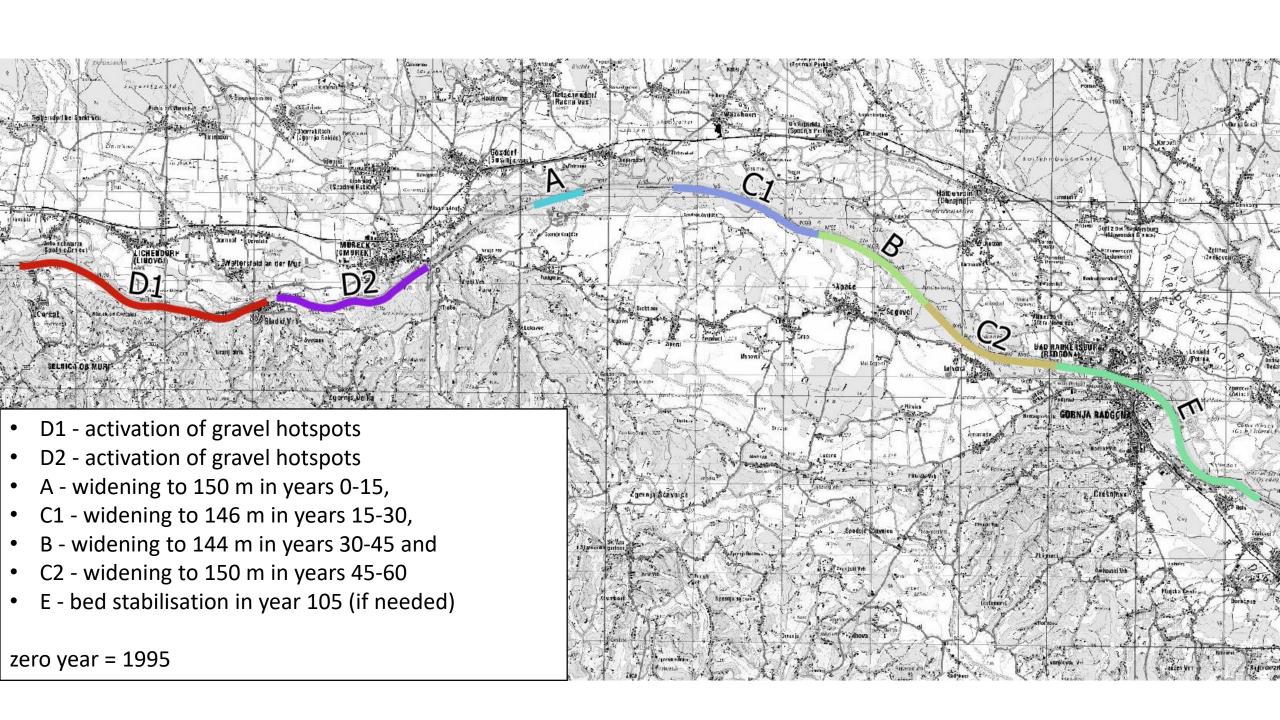
- River ecology:
  - t.a. 2.1 ichthyological assessment
  - t.a. 2.2 HM Structures
  - t.a. 2.3 macrozoobenthos
- Vision:
  - t.a. 1.18 vision: water management aspect
  - t.a. 2.18 vision: ecological aspect
  - t.a. 0.18 vision discussion

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PWMC quite accurate – room for refaming / upgrading







## **Floods**

- Be careful with changes in riverbed:
  - Riverbed deepening both reduces flood risk (locally) and increases flood risk (downstream)
  - Riverbed rising can lead to increased flood risk
- Floods are still an issue on the border Mura and are being tackled (Gornja Radgona)
- Flood surveys in several areas still missing (?)
- Wisdom of balancing (citizens, land use, investors..., stakeholders)





## **Sediment transport - 1**

- Necessity to analyse and verify the indicated effects at all restored sites of the border Mura
- Identifying the role of individual components (supply, width, river course etc.)
- Development of a Concept for future measures, focusing on the central points:
  - Sediment budget
  - Bedload supply from the banks and from upstream (goal for longterm: restoration of sediment connectivity)
  - Increase channel width to promote the development of bars and other structures
- Considering optimisation of river course (curvature) to increase secondary currents and bank erosion, including instream structures
- Find optimised mix of measures in goMURra quantity of sediment supply, size of riverbend radius and width (and related slope change)

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## **Sediment transport - 2**

- Methodology: Analysis of monitoring data (cross sections, low flow water levels, satellite images (width) etc.), Application of a 3D-hydrodynamic-numerical model coupled with a sediment transport and bank erosion model to determine the effects of scenarios of measure combination
- Implementation of pilot measure / adaptation of Gosdorf and monitoring
- Find sections with potential for corridor
- Importance of ecological evaluation of measures
- Coordination with public water supply change of groundwater levels
- Effect for flood protection
- -> integrated river engineering approach needed





## **River Morphology**

- Hydrology (changes in discharge patterns) are a crucial part for understanding problems and proposing measures
- Spatially broader approach The analysis should not stop at Petanjci
- Different sections of Mur require different solutions smaller measures can also be effective





## Fish ecology

- Border Mura is very important fish habitat (high potential for improvement) 860 km downstream connectivity
- Individual fish ecological habitat requirements can most likely be fulfilled in braided river systems with intensive furcation processes.

Which ensures the highest possible heterogenity according to:

- flow velocity
- substrate composition
- topography (above and beneath the water surface)
- structuring the river bed and the shoreline

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(Klaus Michor)

Visitor Management
Regional
Development

Natura 2000 management HD, BD

River Restauration WFD



Integrated Masterplan



Biosphere Park Flood Risk Management

Usage agriculture, forestry, tap water

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# Integrated River Management – 2 (Klaus Michor)

- Which integrated plan is best suited for the implementation of the 4 EU directives?
- Which specific further water management measures should be used to continue progress?
- Which specific conservation measures can improve the status of habitats and species?
- How can the locals of Mura region participate in the planning process of this generation-spanning project?
- How can a good cooperation of the relevant sectors be ensured (water management, conservation, agriculture, forestry and regional development)?
- Which sustainable regional economic developments can benefit from the integrated management plan?

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## Day 1 wrap up

- PWMC is still a very good basis for further development
  - Problems addressed are stil valid
  - The way they are addressed can be upgraded
- Since 2001 A lot has been made and we can learn from experience (good practices and room for improvement)

Now is a good time for rethinking / upgrade





## Workshops

- Participants divided into 4 working groups
- All working groups addressing the same questions:
  - "How do you see border Mura in 2030 and beyond?"
  - "Considering the field of work / experience / local knowledge of specific needs of each working group member What do you think is necessary to be dealt with in the 2030 management plan?"
  - "What are appropriate measures for improving existing problems"?





## **Working method**

- Smaller groups to encourage participation
- Each group has a moderator, assisstant and note keeper
- A combination of individual work (notes, stickers...) and discussion
- Working language is English
   [assistance for Slovene and German will be provided]
- Each group will prepare conclusions that will be presented on the plenary session





## **Operational info**

- Find your name on the working group lists (on room doors)
- Go to the designated room (follow moderators)

WG no.	moderator	assisstant
WG 1	Cornelia Jöbstl	Bojan Jakopič
WG 2	Petra Repnik Mah	Rudolf Hornich
WG 3	Oliver Rathschüler	Jurij Krajčič
WG 4	Gašper Zupančič	Christine Konradi

 Working schedule free for each group needs [coffee and represhments available]





## **THANK YOU!**

Gašper Zupančič DRSV Oliver Rathschüler Freiland (A14)







